

# Program Directory for HCL Z License Verification

V1.1

Program Number TN101464Y01

## FMID AZLV110

for use with z/OS

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HCL ZLV V1R1-01

Before using this information and the product it supports, be sure to read the general information under 7.0, "Notices" on page 24.

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## 1.0 Introduction

This program directory is intended for system programmers who are responsible for program installation and maintenance. It contains information about the material and procedures associated with the installation of HCL Z License Verification. This publication refers to HCL Z License Verification as ZLV.

The Program Directory contains the following sections:

- 2.0, "Program Materials" identifies the basic and optional program materials and documentation for ZLV.
- 3.0, "Program Support" describes the HCL support available for ZLV.
- 4.0, "Program and Service Level Information" lists the APARs (program level) and PTFs (service level) that have been incorporated into ZLV.
- 5.0, "Installation Requirements and Considerations" identifies the resources and considerations that are required for installing and using ZLV.
- 6.0, "Installation Instructions" provides detailed installation instructions for ZLV. It also describes the procedures for activating the functions of ZLV or refers to appropriate publications.

## 1.1 ZLV Description

The HCL Z License Verification feature allows users to upload their license information into their IBM Z Software Asset Management data base and then verify that the licenses they have match the IZSAM data that has been identified. Users can run the following reports:

- 1. Products with a License
- 2. Licenses without a Product
- 3. Products without a license
- 4. Licenses Verified

This feature is a standalone component that does not require the IZSAM Analyzer to be running. It uses its own server which requires a separate login process.

### 1.2 ZLV FMID

ZLV 1.1 consists of the following FMID:

AZLV110

## 2.0 Program Materials

A HCL program is identified by a program number. The program number for ZLV is TN101464Y01.

Basic Machine-Readable Materials are materials that are supplied under the base license and feature numbers and are required for the use of the product. Optional Machine-Readable Materials are orderable under separate feature numbers and are not required for the product to function.

The program announcement material describes the features supported by ZLV. Ask your HCL representative for this information if you have not already received a copy.

### 2.1 Basic Machine-Readable Material

The distribution medium for this program is downloadable files. This program is in SMP/E RELFILE format and is installed by using SMP/E. See 6.0, "Installation Instructions" for more information about how to install the program.

Figure 1 describes the program file content for ZLV. You can refer to the README file to see where the files reside.

#### Notes:

- 1. The data set attributes in this table must be used in the JCL of jobs that read the data sets. However, because the data sets are in IEBCOPY unloaded format, their actual attributes might be different.
- 2. If any RELFILEs are identified as PDSEs, ensure that SMPTLIB data sets are allocated as PDSEs.

Figure 1. Program File Content				
	O R	R E C F	L R E C	BLK
Name	G	М	L	SIZE
SMPMCS	SEQ	FB	80	3120
HCL.AZLV110.F1	PDSE	U	0	32760
HCL.AZLV110.F2	PDSE	FB	80	8800

## 2.2 Optional Machine-Readable Material

No optional machine-readable materials are provided for ZLV.

## 2.3 Program Publications

The following sections identify the basic and optional publications for ZLV.

## 2.3.1 Basic Program Publications

Figure 2 identifies the basic unlicensed or licensed publications that are not available in hardcopy format, but are available through the internet or other media for ZLV.

Figure 2. Basic Material: Licensed Publications		
	Form Number	Media Format
Publication Title		
Z License Verification Administration and User Guide	HCL ZLV V1R1-01	PDF

## 2.3.2 Optional Program Publications

No optional publications are provided for ZLV.

## 2.4 Program Source Materials

No program source materials or viewable program listings are provided for ZLV.

## 2.5 Publications Useful During Installation

You might want to use the publications listed in Figure 3 during the installation of ZLV.

Figure 3. Publications Useful During Installation				
Publication Title	Form Number			
IBM SMP/E for z/OS User's Guide	SA23-2277			
IBM SMP/E for z/OS Commands	SA23-2275			
IBM SMP/E for z/OS Reference	SA23-2276			
IBM SMP/E for z/OS Messages, Codes, and Diagnosis	GA32-0883			

## 3.0 Program Support

This section describes the HCL support available for ZLV.

### 3.1 Program Services

Contact your HCL representative for specific information about available program services.

## 3.2 Preventive Service Planning

N/A.

# 4.0 Program and Service Level Information

This section identifies the program and relevant service levels of ZLV. The program level refers to the APAR fixes that have been incorporated into the program. The service level refers to the PTFs that have been incorporated into the program.

N/A

## 5.0 Installation Requirements and Considerations

The following sections identify the system requirements for installing and activating ZLV. The following terminology is used:

• Driving system: the system on which SMP/E is executed to install the program.

The program might have specific operating system or product level requirements for using processes, such as binder or assembly utilities during the installation.

• *Target system*: the system on which the program is configured and run.

The program might have specific product level requirements, such as needing access to the library of another product for link-edits. These requirements, either mandatory or optional, might directly affect the element during the installation or in its basic or enhanced operation.

In many cases, you can use a system as both a driving system and a target system. However, you can make a separate IPL-able clone of the running system to use as a target system. The clone must include copies of all system libraries that SMP/E updates, copies of the SMP/E CSI data sets that describe the system libraries, and your PARMLIB and PROCLIB.

Use separate driving and target systems in the following situations:

- When you install a new level of a product that is already installed, the new level of the product will replace the old one. By installing the new level onto a separate target system, you can test the new level and keep the old one in production at the same time.
- When you install a product that shares libraries or load modules with other products, the installation can disrupt the other products. By installing the product onto a separate target system, you can assess these impacts without disrupting your production system.

## 5.1 Driving System Requirements

This section describes the environment of the driving system required to install ZLV.

## 5.1.1 Machine Requirements

The driving system can run in any hardware environment that supports the required software.

## 5.1.2 Programming Requirements

Program Number	System Software Require Product Name	Minimum VRM	Minimum Service Level will satisfy these APARs	Included in the shipped product?
Either one of the	following two z/OS releas	es:		
5650-ZOS	z/OS	V2.4.0	N/A	No
5650-ZOS	z/OS	V2.5.0	N/A	No
5655-G44	IBM SMP/E for z/OS	V3.6.0	N/A	No

**Note:** Installation might require migration to new z/OS releases to be service supported. See https://www.ibm.com/support/pages/lifecycle/search?q=5650-zos.

## 5.2 Target System Requirements

This section describes the environment of the target system required to install and use ZLV in the z/OS (Z038) SREL.

## 5.2.1 Machine Requirements

The target system can run in any hardware environment that supports the required software.

## 5.2.2 Programming Requirements

#### 5.2.2.1 Installation Requisites

Installation requisites identify products that are required and *must* be present on the system or products that are not required but *should* be present on the system for the successful installation of this product.

Mandatory installation requisites identify products that are required on the system for the successful installation of this product.

ZLV has no mandatory installation requisites.

Conditional installation requisites identify products that are *not* required for successful installation of this product but can resolve such things as certain warning messages at installation time.

ZLV has no conditional installation requisites.

#### 5.2.2.2 Operational Requisites

Operational requisites are products that are required and *must* be present on the system or products that are not required but *should* be present on the system for this product to operate all or part of its functions.

Mandatory operational requisites identify products that are required for this product to operate its basic functions.

Figure 5. Targe	et System Mandatory Operational Requisites
Program Number	Product Name and Minimum VRM/Service Level
5698-AA4	IBM Z Software Asset Manager V8.2.0
Any <b>one</b> of the following:	
5650-DB2	Db2 for z/OS V12.1.0
5770-AF4	IBM Db2 Utilities Suite for z/OS V12.1.0
OR	
5770-AF3	Db2 for z/OS Value Unit Edition for z/OS V12.1.0
5770-AF4	IBM Db2 Utilities Suite for z/OS V12.1.0
OR	
5698-DB2	Db2 for z/OS V13.1.0
5698-DUT	IBM Db2 Utilities Suite for z/OS V13.1.0
OR	
5698-DBV	Db2 for z/OS Value Unit Edition for z/OS V13.1.0
5698-DUT	IBM Db2 Utilities Suite for z/OS V13.1.0

Conditional operational requisites identify products that are *not* required for this product to operate its basic functions but are required at run time for this product to operate specific functions.

ZLV has no conditional operational requisites.

#### 5.2.2.3 Toleration/Coexistence Requisites

Toleration/coexistence requisites identify products that must be present on sharing systems. These systems can be other systems in a multisystem environment (not necessarily sysplex), a shared DASD environment (such as test and production), or systems that reuse the same DASD environment at different time intervals.

ZLV has no toleration/coexistence requisites.

#### 5.2.2.4 Incompatibility (Negative) Requisites

Negative requisites identify products that must not be installed on the same system as this product.

ZLV has no negative requisites.

## 5.2.3 DASD Storage Requirements

ZLV libraries can reside on all supported DASD types.

Figure 6 lists the total space that is required for each type of library.

Figure 6. Tota	Figure 6. Total DASD Space Required by ZLV					
Library Type	Total Space Required in 3390 Trks					
Target	315					
Distribution	315					

#### Notes:

- 1. For non-RECFM U data sets, HCL recommends using system-determined block sizes for efficient DASD utilization. For RECFM U data sets, HCL recommends using a block size of 32760, which is most efficient from the performance and DASD utilization perspective.
- 2. Abbreviations used for data set types are shown as follows.
  - **U** Unique data set, allocated by this product and used by only this product. This table provides all the required information to determine the correct storage for this data set. You do not need to refer to other tables or program directories for the data set size.
  - **S** Shared data set, allocated by this product and used by this product and other products. To determine the correct storage needed for this data set, add the storage size given in this table to those given in other tables (perhaps in other program directories). If the data set already exists, it must have enough free space to accommodate the storage size given in this table.
  - **E** Existing shared data set, used by this product and other products. This data set is *not* allocated by this product. To determine the correct storage for this data set, add the storage size given in this table to those given in other tables (perhaps in other program directories). If the data set already exists, it must have enough free space to accommodate the storage size given in this table.

If you currently have a previous release of this product installed in these libraries, the installation of this release will delete the old release and reclaim the space that was used by the old release and any service that had been installed. You can determine whether these libraries have enough space by deleting the old release with a dummy function, compressing the libraries, and comparing the space requirements with the free space in the libraries.

For more information about the names and sizes of the required data sets, see 6.1.7, "Allocate SMP/E Target and Distribution Libraries".

- 3. All target and distribution libraries listed have the following attributes:
  - The default name of the data set can be changed.
  - The default block size of the data set can be changed.
  - The data set can be merged with another data set that has equivalent characteristics.
- 4. All target libraries listed have the following attributes:
  - These data sets can be SMS-managed, but they are not required to be SMS-managed.
  - These data sets are not required to reside on the IPL volume.
  - The values in the "Member Type" column are not necessarily the actual SMP/E element types that are identified in the SMPMCS.
- 5. All target libraries that are listed and contain load modules have the following attributes:
  - These data sets can be in the LPA, but they are not required to be in the LPA.
  - These data sets can be in the LNKLST.
  - These data sets are not required to be APF-authorized.

If your existing SMPLTS is a PDS, you must allocate a new PDSE and copy your SMPLTS into it; then change the SMPLTS DDDEF entry to indicate the new PDSE data set.

The following figures describe the target and distribution libraries required to install ZLV. The storage requirements of ZLV must be added to the storage required by other programs that have data in the same library or path.

**Note:** Use the data in these tables to determine which libraries can be merged into common data sets. In addition, since some ALIAS names may not be unique, ensure that no naming conflicts will be introduced before merging libraries.

Figure 7. Storag	ge Requirements for ZL	V Target Libraries						
Library DDNAME	Member Type	Target Volume	T Y P E	O R G	R E C F M	L R E C L	No. of 3390 Trks	No. of DIR BIks
SZLVMOD1	Load Library	ANY	U	PDSE	U	0	300	n/a
SZLVSAMP	Samples	ANY	U	PDSE	FB	80	15	n/a

Figure 8. Storage Requirements for ZLV Distribution	on Libraries					
Library DDNAME	T Y P E	O R G	R E C F M	L R E C L	No. of 3390 Trks	No. of DIR BIks
AZLVMOD1	U	PDSE	U	0	300	n/a
AZLVSAMP	U	PDSE	FB	80	15	n/a

## 5.3 FMIDs Deleted

Installing ZLV might result in the deletion of other FMIDs. To see which FMIDs will be deleted, examine the ++VER statement in the SMPMCS of the product.

If you do not want to delete these FMIDs at this time, install ZLV into separate SMP/E target and distribution zones.

**Note:** These FMIDs are not automatically deleted from the Global Zone. If you want to delete these FMIDs from the Global Zone, use the SMP/E REJECT NOFMID DELETEFMID command. See the SMP/E Commands book for details.

## 5.4 Special Considerations

ZLV uses the "Partitioned Data Set Extended" or PDSE format for all libraries. There are some operational differences between PDS and PDSE data sets. The PDS format may be shared by more than one z/OS system and no special precautions are necessary. However, the PDSE format may only be shared by z/OS systems which are part of a sysplex or which are connected using Global Resource Serialization or GRS complex. If z/OS systems share use of a PDSE data set is updated. This is due to the fact that PDSE directory information is cached in storage, and when the data set is updated from one system the other system(s) have no knowledge of the update, and their cached directory information will be incorrect. You must take care not to share PDSE data sets between z/OS systems unless they are in a sysplex or are connected in a GRS complex.

Web browser can be any of:

- Firefox with JavaScript and cookies enabled
- Microsoft Edge with JavaScript and cookies enabled
- Google Chrome with JavaScript and cookies enabled

## 6.0 Installation Instructions

This chapter describes the installation method and the step-by-step procedures to install and to activate the functions of ZLV.

Please note the following points:

- If you want to install ZLV into its own SMP/E environment, consult the SMP/E manuals for instructions on creating and initializing the SMPCSI and the SMP/E control data sets.
- You can use the sample jobs that are provided to perform part or all of the installation tasks. The SMP/E jobs assume that all DDDEF entries that are required for SMP/E execution have been defined in appropriate zones.
- You can use the SMP/E dialogs instead of the sample jobs to accomplish the SMP/E installation steps.

## 6.1 Installing ZLV

## 6.1.1 SMP/E Considerations for Installing ZLV

Use the SMP/E RECEIVE, APPLY, and ACCEPT commands to install this release of ZLV.

## 6.1.2 SMP/E Options Subentry Values

The recommended values for certain SMP/E CSI subentries are shown in Figure 9. Using values lower than the recommended values can result in failures in the installation. DSSPACE is a subentry in the GLOBAL options entry. PEMAX is a subentry of the GENERAL entry in the GLOBAL options entry. See the SMP/E manuals for instructions on updating the global zone.

Figure 9. SMP	Figure 9. SMP/E Options Subentry Values					
Subentry	Value	Comment				
DSSPACE	300,50,100	Space allocation for SMPTLIB datasets				
PEMAX	SMP/E Default	HCL recommends using the SMP/E default for PEMAX.				

## 6.1.3 SMP/E CALLLIBS Processing

ZLV does not use CALLLIBS processing.

## 6.1.4 Sample Jobs

The following sample installation jobs are provided as part of the product to help you install ZLV.

Figure 10. Sample Installation Jobs						
Job Name	Job Type	Description	RELFILE			
ZLVSALOC	ALLOCATE	Sample job to allocate product libraries	HCL.AZLV110.F2			
ZLVSALOS	SETUP	Sample job to create a new SMP/E environment	HCL.AZLV110.F2			
ZLVSDDEF	DDDEF	Sample job to add product SMP/E DDDEFs	HCL.AZLV110.F2			
ZLVSRECV	RECEIVE	Sample SMP/E RECEIVE job	HCL.AZLV110.F2			
ZLVSAPLY	APPLY	Sample SMP/E APPLY job	HCL.AZLV110.F2			
ZLVSACPT	ACCEPT	Sample SMP/E ACCEPT job	HCL.AZLV110.F2			

You can access the sample installation jobs by running the EXTRACT job from the *AZLV110.readme.txt* file to extract the SMPMCS and RELFILE data sets from the *AZLV110.pax.Z* file, and then copying the sample job members to your own data set.

If you are copying the members in batch, run a job step like the following JCL example. You will need to provide a JOB statement and change the lowercase parameters to uppercase values that meet the requirements of your site.

//STEP1	EXEC PGM=IEBCOPY
//SYSPRINT	DD SYSOUT=*
//FILEIN	DD DSN=HCL. AZLV110. F2, UNIT=SYSALLDA, DISP=SHR,
11	VOL=SER=filevol
//OUT	DD DSNAME=jcl-library-name,
11	DISP=(NEW, CATLG, DELETE),
11	VOL=SER= <b>dasdvol</b> , UNIT=SYSALLDA,
//	SPACE = (TRK, (15, 5, 4))
//SYSUT3	DD UNIT=SYSALLDA, SPACE=(CYL, (1, 1))
//SYSIN	DD *
COPY IND	D=FILEIN, OUTDD=OUT
SELECT M	EMBER=(ZLVSACPT, ZLVSALOC, ZLVSALOS, ZLVSAPLY, ZLVSDDEF, ZLVSRECV)
/*	

See the following information to update the statements in the previous sample:

FILEIN:

**filevol** is the volume serial of the DASD device where the downloaded files reside. OUT:

**jcl-library-name** is the name of the output data set where the sample jobs are stored. **dasdvol** is the volume serial of the DASD device where the output dataset resides.

## 6.1.5 Allocate product and SMP/E datasets

Before you start to run the SMP/E RECEIVE job ZLVSRECV, you need to allocate and initialize the SMP/E datasets. If you are going to use a new SMP/E environment, you may choose to edit and submit sample job ZLVSMPSU. Consult the instructions in the sample job for more information.

Expected Return Codes and Messages: You will receive a return code of 0 if this job runs correctly.

## 6.1.6 Perform SMP/E RECEIVE

You can also choose to edit and submit sample job ZLVSRECV to perform the SMP/E RECEIVE for ZLV. Consult the instructions in the sample job for more information.

Expected Return Codes and Messages: You will receive a return code of 0 if this job runs correctly.

## 6.1.7 Allocate SMP/E Target and Distribution Libraries

Edit and submit sample job ZLVSALOC to allocate the SMP/E target and distribution libraries for ZLV. Consult the instructions in the sample job for more information.

Expected Return Codes and Messages: You will receive a return code of 0 if this job runs correctly.

## 6.1.8 Create DDDEF Entries

Edit and submit sample job ZLVSDDEF to create DDDEF entries for the SMP/E target and distribution libraries for ZLV. Consult the instructions in the sample job for more information.

Expected Return Codes and Messages: You will receive a return code of 0 if this job runs correctly.

## 6.1.9 Perform SMP/E APPLY

Edit and submit sample job ZLVSAPLY to perform an SMP/E APPLY CHECK for ZLV. Consult the instructions in the sample job for more information.

You should install the FMIDs regardless of the status of unresolved APARs. However, do not deploy the software until you have reviewed all available PTFs. Any PTF referred to as a GA PTF should be installed before the software is executed.

To receive the full benefit of the SMP/E Causer SYSMOD Summary Report, do *not* bypass the PRE, ID, REQ, and IFREQ on the APPLY CHECK. The SMP/E root cause analysis identifies the cause only of *errors* and not of *warnings* (SMP/E treats bypassed PRE, ID, REQ, and IFREQ conditions as warnings, instead of errors). Use of BYPASS(HOLDSYS) *may* be required to install available PTFs that have associated action requirements or documentation changes.

**Expected Return Codes and Messages from APPLY CHECK:** You will receive a return code of 0 if this job runs correctly.

**Expected Return Codes and Messages from APPLY:** You will receive a return code of 0 if this job runs correctly.

After installing new function, you should perform two operations:

- 1. Create a backup of the updated data sets, including any SMP/E data sets affected, in case something happens to the data sets during the next phase.
- 2. Do some testing before putting the new function into production.

After you are satisfied that an applied SYSMOD has performed reliably in your target system, you can install it in your distribution libraries using the ACCEPT process.

Another good practice is to accept most SYSMODs, particularly FMIDs, before performing another APPLY process. This provides you the ability to use the RESTORE process of SMP/E and to support the scenario where SMP/E needs to create a new load module from the distribution libraries during the APPLY process.

#### 6.1.10 Perform SMP/E ACCEPT

Edit and submit sample job ZLVSACPT to perform an SMP/E ACCEPT CHECK for ZLV. Consult the instructions in the sample job for more information.

To receive the full benefit of the SMP/E Causer SYSMOD Summary Report, do *not* bypass the PRE, ID, REQ, and IFREQ on the ACCEPT CHECK. The SMP/E root cause analysis identifies the cause of only *errors* but not *warnings* (SMP/E treats bypassed PRE, ID, REQ, and IFREQ conditions as warnings rather than errors).

Before you use SMP/E to load new distribution libraries, it is recommended that you set the ACCJCLIN indicator in the distribution zone. In this way, you can save the entries that are produced from JCLIN in the distribution zone whenever a SYSMOD that contains inline JCLIN is accepted. For more information about the ACCJCLIN indicator, see the description of inline JCLIN in the SMP/E Commands book for details.

After you take actions that are indicated by the ACCEPT CHECK, remove the CHECK operand and run the job again to perform the ACCEPT.

**Note:** The GROUPEXTEND operand indicates that SMP/E accepts all requisite SYSMODs. The requisite SYSMODS might be applicable to other functions.

**Expected Return Codes and Messages from ACCEPT CHECK:** You will receive a return code of 0 if this job runs correctly.

If PTFs that contain replacement modules are accepted, SMP/E ACCEPT processing will link-edit or bind the modules into the distribution libraries. During this processing, the Linkage Editor or Binder might issue messages that indicate unresolved external references, which will result in a return code of 4 during the ACCEPT phase. You can ignore these messages, because the distribution libraries are not executable and the unresolved external references do not affect the executable system libraries.

**Expected Return Codes and Messages from ACCEPT:** You will receive a return code of 0 if this job runs correctly.

## 6.2 Activating ZLV

To make ZLV fully operational after the SMP/E installation, post-SMP/E work needs to be done.

The publication *Z License Verification Administration and User Guide V1.1* contains the necessary information to customize and use ZLV.

ZLV requires a valid product license key to be available for inspection during execution. The key is supplied by HCL.

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